


In fact

For The Millions Who Want a Free Press

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March on Odessa

THE Hearst newspapers (NY Mirror, Journal-American; Boston Record, American, Advertiser; Chi Herald-American, Pittsburgh Sun-Telegraph, Detroit Times, Baltimore News-Post, American; Los Angeles Examiner, Herald-Express; Milwaukee Sentinel, San Fran Call-Bulletin, Examiner; Seattle Post-Intelligencer, etc) are winning more victories for Hitler in Russia than the German Army.

A Hearst journalist sends IN FACT the following order sent by Hearst:

WX9 WYNTON, CALIF JULY 21 1941

EDITORS ALL HEARST PAPERS—

THE WAR NEWS THIS MORNING WAS VERY UNINTERESTINGLY TOLD IN SOME OF OUR PAPERS, THE ODESSA ADVANCE BEING PARADED IN HEADLINES, WITHOUT CLEARLY OR FULLY RELATING IT IN TEXT.

THE FIGHTING OF THE FINNS WAS NOT TOLD CONSPICUOUSLY ALTHOUGH THIS IS MOST INTERESTING TO AMERICANS AND MOST CHARACTERISTIC OF THIS PHASE OF THE WAR.

PLEASE PLAY UP EVERY DAY WHAT THE DIFFERENT SECTIONS OF THE ARMIES ARE DOING AND MAKE IT CLEAR IN TEXT AS WELL AS IN MAPS.

W R HEARST 529 PF

On Tuesday, July 29, Hearst papers carried a story written by a Nazi journalist, released by the German Propaganda Ministry. July 31 Hearst Page 1 headline was "LENINGRAD CAPTURE NEAR, REPORT NAZIS."

It is obvious that Hearst editors who received the July 21 instructions read "different sections of the armies" to mean Nazi armies. From 1914 to 1917 Hearst also played up German side of World War.

The "Odessa advance" which Hearst began July 20 was ahead of Hitler by some weeks.

Fooling America

WASHINGTON correspondents write IN FACT to beware of newspaper headlines regarding stoppage of oil to Japan. July 29 Hearst and Roy Howard newspapers headlined: "STANDARD OIL STOPS SUPPLIES TO JAPAN" and "STANDARD OIL STOPS SELLING OIL IN JAPAN." Our correspondents say this story was designed to fool America. Rockefeller will do business with Japan until stopped by the government, and late news indicates that the hold of appeasers in the US State Dep't has not yet been entirely broken.

July 29 Columbia Broadcasting's W R Wills said from Tokyo that Japan still relied on appeasement. Aug 1 United States News said: "Actually this country is in a position to strangle Japan's industry; that's not going to be done." July 31 Lin Yutang wrote NY Times that "every element that makes for the policy of continuing to pay blackmail to Japan by furnishing her with oil" continues to exist; that nearness to Singapore and India may merely result in bigger blackmail, that "Japan may even be bought off and persuaded to turn

Hearst and Hitler

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Fascism in Washington and in US Postoffice

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HERE is another installment from a document entitled "Amended Answer" in the \$500,000 suit which Hearst has filed against the publisher of Friday magazine. This story is being suppressed throughout the United States, only two or three papers having mentioned it. When Hearst entered suit months ago Time magazine rebaited Friday, called it a "leftist muckraking weekly," while Editor & Publisher, which speaks for newspaper owners, also smeared Friday. Neither, however, touched Friday's reply. IN FACT published the first third, dealing with Hearst and Anti-Semitism, last week.

Since the courts are to decide whether or not the statements are true or false, IN FACT prints nothing but direct quotations, giving the paragraph numbers so that readers may find the most interesting parts if they visit the Supreme Court of New York, NYC, where the document is available to all citizens. It was prepared, after many months of research, by Att'y A J Isserman and Att'y George Natanson.

Page 11, paragraph 38: "With respect to the visit to Berlin and the subsidy to International News Service (Hearst news agency).

"44: In or about the year 1932 the plaintiff William Randolph Hearst (WRH) visited the town of Bad Nauheim in Germany. . . .

"47: Toward the close of the visit of the said plaintiff WRH to Bad Nauheim in Germany in 1932, Von Hindenburg, the then president of Germany, invited the said plaintiff WRH to visit him for the purpose of discussing with him matters of great importance, which invitation the said plaintiff WRH, refused.

"48: In 1934 the said plaintiff WRH again visited Bad Nauheim in Germany. Prior to said visit one Adolph Hitler had become chancellor of Germany, and at the time of said visit was the actual head of the German gov't which was dominated and controlled by the Nazi party, of which said Hitler was the head, and was known as the Nazi regime.

"49: Representatives of the said Nazi regime requested that the said plaintiff, WRH, visit Berlin. In response to said request, the said plaintiff WRH arranged with one Alfred Rosenberg and one Ernst Hanfstaengl to visit with the said Adolph Hitler, for the purpose of discussing various matters of importance.

"50: . . . WRH . . . conferred with Adolph Hitler in privacy for some time. 51: After said conference with the said AH the said plaintiff WRH publicly expressed himself as being greatly impressed with the genius, friendliness, and fine character of the said Adolph Hitler.

"53: Shortly after the said conference . . . an agreement was made and entered into, by the terms of which the said International News Service was to deliver daily to the German Propaganda Ministry its news service consisting of reports of news events in the USA. 55: Prior to the completion of the said agreement, the INS had only one client in Germany . . . 56: At the time . . . the said German Propaganda Ministry was already receiving the complete news service of the Associated Press . . . The German Propaganda Ministry paid no fees or compensation for the . . . AP . . . The cost of said news service toll charged did not exceed \$40,000 a year. 57: The American news service furnished by the AP to the German Propaganda Ministry was at least equal, if not superior, to the American news service which was to be furnished . . . by the INS. 58: The price paid by Reuters Inc for delivery to it in London of INS material was less than \$50,000 a year . . . 59: The reasonable value of the news service furnished by INS . . . did not exceed . . . \$75,000.

Alleges German Gov't Paid \$400,000

"60: The price which the said German Gov't through the said German Propaganda Ministry agreed to pay for the delivery of the said material was \$400,000, or at least \$325,000 in excess of any reasonable value thereof, or any reasonable compensation therefor.

"61: Promptly after his said visit with Adolph Hitler and the making of said arrangements for furnishing INS material to Germany, the said plaintiff, WRH, instructed all Hearst press correspondents in Germany, including those of the INS, to report happenings in Germany only in a 'friendly' manner. All of such

correspondents who reported happenings in Germany accurately and without friendliness, sympathy and bias for the actions of the then German gov't were transferred elsewhere, discharged or forced to resign. All of such correspondents who were looked upon with disfavor by the German Propaganda Ministry because of accurate reports of events in Germany, uncolored by sympathy or bias for the Nazi regime, were discharged or transferred under the instructions of the said plaintiff, William Randolph Hearst.

"62: In many instances reports of news events in the US furnished by said INS to the German Propaganda Ministry were changed and distorted to coincide more nearly with the viewpoint of the Nazi regime and the German Propaganda Ministry than with the facts, without any protest or demand for retraction by said INS.

"63: Ever since the said agreement and arrangements were made in 1934 the German Gov't through said Propaganda Ministry has continued to pay sums approximating \$400,000 a year for the receipt of the said INS material.

"64: Ever since 1934 the Hearst Press in the US has been favorably inclined to the German Gov't and has colored its reports of news events in Germany to make them appear more favorable to the German Gov't than is warranted by the facts. Prior to the present war the Hearst press asserted that Hitler and the Nazi regime sought peace and not war; that they asked only those things to which they were reasonably entitled; and that they should get them. At all times since 1934 the Hearst press has reported that the Nazi regime has the solid support of the German people, that its elections are fairly conducted; that it is a responsible gov't seeking peace and better relations with other gov'ts; and has published other distortions of the actual facts and news as accurately reported in other publications, newspapers and magazines not owned or controlled by the said plaintiff, WRH.

Nazi Propagandists Wrote for Hearst

"65: The Sunday supplement of the Hearst newspapers, known as 'The American Weekly,' is published by a corporation owned or controlled by the plaintiff WRH. 66: Shortly after the visit of the said WRH to Hitler in the summer of 1934, the said American Weekly commenced to publish articles by one Hermann Goering, an associate of said Adolph Hitler and a leader of the Nazi regime in Germany, and one Alfred Rosenberg, also an associate of said Adolph Hitler and a leader of the Nazi regime in Germany.

"67: The said articles written by the said Goering and Rosenberg and published by the said American Weekly were false, misleading and distorted reports of the situation of the German nation and its gov't, and were intended to be and actually were false propaganda on behalf of the Nazi regime, issued for the sole purpose of misleading the American public, all of which was well known to the plaintiff, WRH.

"69: Requests were made . . . to WRH . . . to publish . . . replies to the false statements . . . of Goering and Rosenberg . . . which . . . were refused by the plaintiff, WRH. . . .

"70: The editorial policies of the Hearst press throughout the US were in favor of the Nazi regime and sought to present it in a favorable light through bias and distortion, instead of publishing the true facts involved.

"71: That all of the foregoing favoritism toward the Nazi regime evidenced by the Hearst press, was shown pursuant to commitments made by the said plaintiff, William Randolph Hearst, during his visit to said Adolph Hitler in 1934, in consideration of the promise of said Adolph Hitler that the Nazi regime would pay for the delivery of said International News Service material, a sum far in excess of any true or real value thereof."

Documentary evidence of high Nazis' contributions to Hearst publications appears in the September issue of Friday, now on sale.

Mussolini Got \$1 a Word from Hearst

For many years Mussolini was a regular contributor to the Hearst magazines and newspapers, at a high rate per word. In April 1935, when anti-fascists boycotted the Hearst publications, Hearst bought page ads in many newspapers where he defended himself under the headline: "The Hearst Papers Stand for Americanism and Genuine Democracy."

At this time the NY Post was still a fighting liberal paper. It attacked Hearst frequently. April 23 1935 it said of Hearst's claim that "subversives" were boycotting him:

"Mr Hearst has been misinformed. No Fascists are boycotting the Hearst press. Only yesterday Mr Hearst's Mirror called for a Mussolini in America to clean up crime. The same day Mr. Hearst's American published an editorial, 'Congratulations to Gov Talmadge,' the first American governor to use Nazi-style concentration camps for strikers.

"Nor could Fascists of the German variety fail to appreciate the fact that Alfred Rosenberg, Hitler's right hand man, the Rosenberg who has attacked the Pope, the Masons, the Jews and Christianity itself, writes regularly for the Hearst papers. He appeared in the American (now Journal-American) on Sunday."

In Ambassador Dodd's Berlin Diary appear the following notations: "I also

northward and strike Siberia and continue to ravage China."

NYTimes M E, Edwin James, points out (Aug 3) "that shipments of petroleum to countries which include Japan would be on a pre-war quota basis" and that "it is a very fair question to ask how far the USGov't is now going to curtail oil supplies for Japan. It is evident that the order is so framed as to be elastic in operation."

Appeasement is favored by Sen George of Georgia; he wants "a barter arrangement under which trade could continue" with Japan if Japan makes no further aggression (AP report, Aug 2).

As IN FACT goes to press a phone call states that SS San Miguel is being fueled with aviation gasoline at South st, Market slip, NYC, bound for Portugal (and fascist airplanes).

Fooling the Farmer

IT has been definitely established that the commercial press, the standard big newspapers, work for Big Business, which is interested in power and profits and works against the general welfare of the American people (Monograph 26, TNEC—O'Mahoney Monopoly Investigation—25¢, Sup't of Documents, Washington, D C).

For the enlightenment of America there is also a small, non-commercial, liberal, labor, progressive press consisting of a handful of dailies, many weeklies. These organs of enlightenment are aimed mostly at industrial labor.

More corrupt than even the venal dailies are the big farm papers which pretend to speak for farmers and in reality represent the most reactionary elements in the country.

A newsletter designed to open the eyes of farmers has just been launched by Farm Research; it is called Facts for Farmers: address 39 Cortlandt st, NYC; 25¢. Facts for Farmers is interested in a free press and everything affecting the welfare of the family-sized farm.

Facts for Farmers calls attention to important news, the so-called "wheat rebellion" in the West. Says Facts for Farmers, August issue:

"Unnoticed and unsung, World War II has now spread to the wheat fields of the US. So swiftly did the move come that neither the large daily papers nor the radio generally were aware of what had happened. Even now they carry no news on what is actually taking place and report protests of the wheat marketing penalty without any realization of the real issues involved.

"America First, Coughlin and pro-Nazi groups are unleashing a widespread, well-financed campaign to win farm support. As their entering wedge they have seized upon the farmers' resentment over the AAA's 49¢ penalty on the marketing of excess wheat. The farmers are up in arms. They object to the AAA's recent action of raising the penalty from 15¢ to 49¢—an increase of 34¢ after the wheat had already been planted.

"The Coughlin forces openly admit their desire for a Nazi victory in Europe. . . . They seek to play upon isolationist sentiment in the rural areas and to turn the farmers' rightful resentment over wheat penalties into a political attack against the Government's defense program.

"Reports are widespread of the attempts being made especially in Ohio, Indiana and nearby areas by Coughlinites to organize wheat farmers around the issue of AAA penalties. A recent radio speech attacking wheat penalties by Representative Frederick C Smith of Ohio (July 23) who follows this policy discloses the real purpose behind the drive. . . .

"The purpose of these orators is not to right the farmers' wrongs but to advance the cause of Hitlerism both at home and abroad."

More Army vs Labor

ONE result of IN FACT's disclosure (July 28) that throughout the US the new democratic army is being trained to

fight labor before it is trained to fight Hitler, has been a flood of letters confirming our story and adding new items. The same fascist pattern repeats itself. Near Coleman, Texas, for instance, an encampment of 20,000 receives strike-breaking instructions. American soldiers are being taught jiu jitsu methods, how to beat up pickets and striking union men. They are also lectured by officers on the right of American troops to smash American labor.

A Brooklyn reader reports picking up a hitch-hiking Air Corps man in Albuquerque NM who said the only training he has had so far is with riot guns "used in breaking strikes when reds and agitators interfere with defense production."

These things are happening exactly four months since Time quoted an Army officer wagering "even money that the first target of US armed forces would not be enemy troops but US citizens." National Maritime Union convention July 11 passed resolution that Army, Navy and Coast Guard be used as an "anti-Fascist force and not as an agency for breaking strikes."

Department Store News

PROSTITUTION of the press for half a century could be judged by its handling of department store news; these are the biggest advertisers and success or failure of many newspapers today depends on Macys, Gimbels, Marshall Fields, Filenes, Kaufmanns, etc.

In the past few years every apologist for the commercial press (including most of the contributors to Mr Ickes' new symposium, "Freedom of the Press Today") declares that advertisers do not control the press.

Why, then, does the press every day of its existence suppress the news unfavorable to advertisers, issued by the Federal Trade Commission? Why does the press suppress almost every item unfavorable to department stores?

Readers in Philada should watch the Bulletin, Inquirer, Record, Ledger, News; Milwaukee readers their Journal and Sentinel; Pittsburghers their Press, Sun-Telegraph, Post-Gazette, for news of the threatened strike at the NY Gimbels store.

In NYC the commercial press generally suppressed the news of the strike vote and strike preparations. Day after day the NY Times suppressed the story, but it found space for: a quarter page ad headed "HATS OFF TO GIMBEL BROTHERS" July 30, and a news item, "YOUNG GIMBEL SAVES SWIMMER" (July 31). July 31 all commercial NYC papers suppressed Gimbel news except Herald Tribune, which on Page 13 ran a little item. July 29 the Post carried a two-column picture of the Gimbel display manager receiving a check of \$150 for first prize in the NY district for a Home Preparedness Window featuring Gold

told (Rep J Ham) Lewis that Hearst has been supporting and visiting Mussolini for five or six years. I gave him an account of the Hearst visit to Berlin last Sept and his reported bargain with Goebbels under which the German Propaganda Ministry is to have all the Hearst European news at the same time it goes over to the US." (Page 212.)

(March 15 1935) "I told President Roosevelt on Feb 6 that I was fairly certain that W R Hearst, who had helped to defeat the President's plan to have the US enter the world court, was a sympathizer of Mussolini and Hitler, and promised to confirm my opinion if I received further proof upon return to Berlin. This is the story I have learned.

"In 1924 Hearst had been violently opposed to the Mussolini dictatorship . . . Hearst sent a clever Italian correspondent to Rome . . . Hearst sent another man to Rome to negotiate a deal with Mussolini by which Hearst would give him \$1 a word for anything he would write for the Hearst press. It was widely known that a Pacific Coast banker had loaned Hearst some millions of dollars and that he was an ardent Mussolini supporter. Thereafter Hearst newspapers all over the US praised the Italian dictatorship and Mussolini received large sums of money. From 1924 until now Hearst has advocated dictatorship in Italy."

Mr Dodd and President Roosevelt exchanged letters on the subject of the alleged deal between Hearst's International News Service and the German Propaganda Ministry. The President, however, cannot be taken into court. IN FACT's editor has seen the originals of these letters.

Mr Hearst denied the deal when Liberty magazine published extracts from the Dodd Diary. Hearst wrote (Feb 5) that neither he nor INS received "any financial bonus or benefit from the German Gov't."

Fascism in Washington and in US Postoffice

MANY Senators and Representatives who are most vociferous about German fascism are silent today when fascism actually occurs in their own jurisdictional area.

The Civil Service Commission of Washington, D C, has engaged in fascist actions.

The US Postoffice at Charleston, S C, a federal office, has engaged in fascist actions.

Additional evidence has been given of the fascist actions of generals in charge of Federal training camps who teach strikebreaking instead of fighting fascist panzer divisions (see narrow column).

In US Navy Yards men are fired without cause and without warning. Hearst and other anti-labor newspapers report the cases as "subversive," but the only reliable evidence obtainable is that the fired workmen were members of the CIO and AFL. Unionism, which Lincoln recognized as the highest form of Democracy, has been called subversive by gov't officials.

In Washington the situation is so bad that the national organ of the CIO headlines its story "REIGN OF TERROR."

Postoffice Copies Hitler Gestapo

For months reports have reached IN FACT that in various parts of the country postoffice officials have imitated the Hitler Gestapo, or secret police, by using the gov't agency as a spy agency. No documentary evidence was sent in, however. Now one instance is established. In Charleston, S C, the postoffice head posted a notice saying in part:

All employees of this office, Station A and the Navy Yard Branch are requested to keep a very careful watch on the following newspapers, and to furnish me with the names and complete addresses of all persons receiving copies of any of the papers:

Daily Worker
The Pilot
Southern News Almanac

All three publications are entered in the Post Office and enjoy the privilege of being transported by the US Gov't as 2nd class mail at about 2¢ a pound, same as Hearst papers, which boom Mussolini, Colliers Weekly which is directed by J P Morgan, and the Wall Street press. The Daily Worker represents the views of the Communist Party in America; the Southern News Almanac is a small pro-labor weekly of Birmingham, Alabama, and The Pilot is the organ of the National Maritime Union, CIO, voted the best labor newspaper in America by the recent conference of the League of American Writers.

Editorially U S Week (1016 N Dearborn St, Chicago—a liberal newsweekly established by Ambassador Dodd's children, and not connected with the House of Morgan, as its main rivals are) said Aug 2: "Freedom to print the truth doesn't mean much unless people are free to read what is printed. J G Thomas, sup't of mails in Charleston, S C, has attempted to establish a one-man censorship of the press, which is all the more dangerous because it is exercised by a secret blacklisting of those whose reading tastes Mr Thomas disapproves.

"Mr Thomas's invasion of the privacy of the US mails smells of fascism."

Washington Gestapo in Action

The Senate, 41 to 14, approved legislation authorizing the Navy Dep't to create a secret police force. The Navy Dep't, says Labor (July 29) said it was to be used to hunt saboteurs, but organized labor "voiced a fear that the policy may be used to eliminate active unionists."

Are You Moving?

Notifying In Fact directly rather than the Post Office brings best results. Cut out your name and address from the front page, write your NEW address on it and mail to us with 5¢.

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Senator Norris denounced the bill as the opening wedge "which will eventually bring about a secret detective force rivaling the infamous German Gestapo. I predict this force will soon be investigating practically every activity of our citizens.

"Hitler controls the great empire of Germany by means of the Gestapo. A secret police in one country will be fundamentally no different from a secret police in another. It is a weapon of dictators. It has no place in a democracy... We are leading up to something that cannot bring anything but disaster... This police force will put practically everybody under suspicion."

At this writing the entire force of Federal employees in Washington is under suspicion. Every gov't employee is being investigated by the FBI. The FBI tries to find out what organizations their victims belong to, whom they speak to, what radio programs they listen to, what books and what papers they read.

The CIO News, national organ of 5,000,000 unionists, lists numerous cases of terrorization (July 28 issue). In Washington, Mrs Helen Miller, employee of the Labor Dep't, efficient, active as the representative of fellow employees in handling grievances, "is called before her superiors and made aware that she has long been spied upon. She is confronted with testimony from stool-pigeons that in their opinion her ideas are radical. She is grilled for hours about what she thinks, what she reads, what ideas she has about labor organizations. Nothing is proved against her, but she is summarily fired on suspicion of harboring 'dangerous thoughts.'"

(Incidentally this case, so strongly defended by the CIO, is smeared by TRB, Washington correspondent, in The New Republic, liberal weekly, Aug 4, page 154. TRB has now become chief redbaiter of this publication.)

Of the same case CIO News says, "FBI agents are subjecting Federal workers to long grillings, including sharp questioning on their private lives, Civil Service Commission officials are holding inquisitions behind locked doors with witnesses and union representatives barred, and a general campaign of intimidation, including display of armed force, is being waged on a national scale, Miss (Eleanor) Nelson (sec'y-treasurer of United Federal Workers) declared." Even the NY Times and Herald-Tribune gave the case a more sympathetic treatment than the New Republic. July 21 headlines, respectively: "SAYS U S OFFICIALS COPY THE GESTAPO," "CIO CHARGES 'GESTAPO' REIGN IN U S OFFICES."

Youth Council President Fired

The Washington Youth Council has issued a pamphlet, "Blitzkrieg Against Federal Workers," which states: "Agencies of the Federal Gov't have been engaged for months in a campaign of terrorism against their employees. They have been attempting through threat and intimidation, to prohibit the legitimate activities of Federal workers. Hundreds... are being subjected to star-chamber grillings. In some cases they have been instructed to resign from their organizations. They have been told to act as stool-pigeons for the purpose of reporting on the activities and beliefs of their co-workers... Blacklists have been made of persons who had interest in labor, peace and progressive activities." (A list of cases involving dozens of persons is given.) "The president of the Washington Youth Council, Morris Tepping, was fired from his gov't job June 16... The US Civil Service Commission ordered him dismissed... made no charges against Tepping... presented no evidence... gave him no opportunity to answer accusations... It simply took away his means of livelihood and prevented him from finding another job."

Tepping, in addition to heading the Youth Council, has been an active member of the CIO Federal Workers. On the day FDR returned to the Capital as third term president Tepping was arrested for distributing peace leaflets.

Mrs Margaret November, employee in the War Dep't, was fired without notice, statement of charges, or explanation. She was accused, among other things, of having held "mixed meetings" in her apartment. This means that the War Dep't does not approve of organizations which admit both Negro and white persons.

The Federation for Constitutional Liberties is fighting some of the cases, A J Isserman attorney. Att'y Nathan Witt, formerly of the NLRB, is handling the Tepping case.

Seal Congoleum floor coverings ("GIMBEL BROTHERS WIN PRIZE").

(Note: IN FACT is compiling list of 1,000 instances of suppression of news to please advertisers. Only the big papers are used. But it doubts if apologists for the press will change their tune.)

Mr Smith in Washington

SO far as American democracy is concerned, the National Labor Relations Board can be one of its main bulwarks, or it can actually undermine the Wagner Act, Magna Carta of labor and chief object of attack of National Ass'n of Manufacturers and American Newspaper Publishers Ass'n, two leading native fascist organizations. It depends on how the Act is administered.

Edwin S Smith is a real democrat. The manufacturers and publishers who want the NLRB composed of a majority of reactionaries, want Smith out. Washington newspaper men say the reappointment of Smith would mean that Roosevelt is still for the New Deal, still against the economic royalists; if Smith goes, democracy loses, the New Deal is buried a foot deeper.

Newspaper Boycott

THE newspapers are boycotting HR 3. One hundred prominent Americans who say that "our treatment of the foreign-born constitutes a major test of our devotion to democracy" have sent an open letter to the President urging full democratic rights to Americans of foreign birth. They denounce especially the Hobbs Concentration Camp Bill (HR 3) as a purely fascist measure.

Among the signers are: Prof Roland H Bainton, editor, Journal Religious Education; Emily Greene Balch, honorary int president Women's International League for Peace and Freedom; Hon Elmer A Benson, former governor of Minnesota; Hugo Ernst, secretary-treasurer Hotel and Restaurant Employees International Alliance, AFL; Hon Stanley M Isaacs, Borough President of Manhattan; Dr Jacob Kasanin, president American Orthopsychiatric Association; Prof Kirtley F Mather, president Institute for Propaganda Analysis; Prof Maria Rickers-Ovsiankina, nationally famous psychologist; Reid Robinson, president International Union of Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers and vice president CIO; Vilhjalmur Stefansson, noted explorer; and Dr Mary E Wooley, president emeritus Mt Holyoke College.

Representatives of more than 18,000,000 Americans (including the CIO) appeared in Washington to protest HR 3, nevertheless not one of the three news agencies, not one commercial newspaper reported this fact, the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born informs IN FACT.

WE AGREE WITH HERODOTUS

THERE is no reason why IN FACT should suffer from summer prostration. We didn't last year and we don't have to this year—if we can get you to agree with Herodotus. He's the Greek writer who said (very liberal translation), "Neither snow, nor rain, nor HEAT (our emphasis) nor gloom of night should keep IN FACT from reaching ¼ million circulation by January, 1942." You can help IN FACT reach this goal by getting friends and neighbors to fill out the subscription blank on this page.

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